

Arabic school for kids

Simple Arabic Grammar
(for children)



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Introduction

This book is designed for children learning Arabic step by step. The grammar lessons move from very easy topics to more advanced -topics in a simple and child friendly way

Each lesson includes

Easy English explanation

Arabic examples

Translation

1. Masculine and Feminine

(مُذَكَّر) Masculine

Usually does not end with ة

Examples

boy — وَلَدٌ

man — رَجُلٌ

teacher — مُعَلِّمٌ

Sentences

.The boy is small الولدُ صَغِيرٌ

.The man is tall الرَّجُلُ طَوِيلٌ

.The teacher is kind المُعَلِّمُ طَيِّبٌ

(مُؤَنَّث) Feminine

Usually ends with ة

Examples

girl — بِنْتٌ
female teacher — مُعَلِّمَةٌ
car — سَيَّارَةٌ

Sentences

.The girl is beautiful البِنْتُ جَمِيلَةٌ
.The teacher is smart الْمُعَلِّمَةُ ذَكِيَّةٌ
.The car is fast السَّيَّارَةُ سَرِيعَةٌ

2. Singular and Plural

Singular (One)

one book — كِتَابٌ

one pen — قَلَمٌ

one child — طِفْلٌ

Sentences

.I have one book عِنْدِي كِتَابٌ

.This is a pen هَذَا قَلَمٌ

Plural (More Than One)

books — كُتُبٌ
pens — أَقْلَامٌ
children — أَطْفَالٌ

Sentences

عِنْدِي كُتُبٌ كَثِيرَةٌ .I have many books
الأَطْفَالُ يَلْعَبُونَ .The children are
.playing

3. Demonstrative Pronouns

هَذَا—(for masculine) This

هَذَا كِتَابٌ .This is a book

هَذَا بَيْتٌ كَبِيرٌ .This is a big house

هَذِهِ—(for feminine) This

هَذِهِ حَقِيبَةٌ .This is a bag

هَذِهِ بِنْتُ صَغِيرَةٌ .This is a small girl

ذَلِكَ—(for masculine) That

ذَلِكَ مَسْجِدٌ .That is a mosque

تِلْكَ—(for feminine) That

تِلْكَ شَجَرَةٌ .That is a tree

4. Personal Pronouns

أَنَا — I

أَنْتَ — You (boy)

أَنْتِ — You (girl)

هُوَ — He

هِيَ — She

نَحْنُ — We

Sentences

أَنَا مُسْلِمَةٌ I am a Muslim girl

أَنْتَ طَالِبٌ مُجْتَهِدٌ You are a hardworking
.student

هُوَ فِي الْمَسْجِدِ He is in the mosque

هِيَ تُحِبُّ الْقِرَاءَةَ She loves reading

نَحْنُ نَلْعَبُ فِي الْحَدِيقَةِ We play in the
.garden

5. Simple Nominal Sentences

A sentence that starts with a noun.

الوَلَدُ سَعِيدٌ .The boy is happy

الْبِنْتُ نَشِيطَةٌ .The girl is active

الْبَيْتُ كَبِيرٌ .The house is big

الطَّعَامُ لَذِيذٌ .The food is delicious

المَاءُ بَارِدٌ .The water is cold

6. Definite and Indefinite Nouns

Indefinite Nouns

a book — كِتَابٌ

a house — بَيْتٌ

a pen — قَلَمٌ

Sentences

.I saw a cat رَأَيْتُ قِطًّا

.I have a new pen عِنْدِي قَلَمٌ جَدِيدٌ

Definite Nouns

the book — الْكِتَابُ

the house — الْبَيْتُ

the pen — الْقَلَمُ

Sentences

The book is on the الطَّاوِلَةُ
.table

القَلَمُ أَزْرَقُ .The pen is blue

7. Adjectives

The adjective must match the noun .

Masculine Examples

A small boy وَلَدٌ صَغِيرٌ

A tall man رَجُلٌ طَوِيلٌ

Feminine Examples

A beautiful girl بِنْتُ جَمِيلَةٌ

A fast car سَيَّارَةٌ سَرِيعَةٌ

Sentences

The house is big and وَجَمِيلٌ كَبِيرٌ
.beautiful

.The story is useful الْقِصَّةُ مُفِيدَةٌ

8. Question Words

what—مَا

who—مَنْ

where—أَيْنَ

when—مَتَى

why—لِمَاذَا

Examples

?What is this مَا هَذَا؟

?Who is he مَنْ هُوَ؟

?Where is the school أَيْنَ الْمَدْرَسَةُ؟

?When do you go مَتَى تَذْهَبُ؟

?Why are you crying لِمَاذَا تَبْكِي؟

9. Prepositions

in — فِي

on — عَلَى

under — تَحْتَ

in front of — أَمَامَ

behind — خَلْفَ

Sentences

.The book is in the bag الْكِتَابُ فِي الْحَقِيْبَةِ

.The pen is on the desk الْقَلَمُ عَلَى الْمَكْتَبِ

The cat is under the الْقِطُّ تَحْتَ الْكُرْسِيِّ

.chair

The car is in front of السَّيَّارَةُ أَمَامَ الْبَيْتِ

.the house

10. Possession

my book — كِتَابِي
your pen — قَلَمُكَ
her bag — حَقِيبَتُهَا

Sentences

هَذَا كِتَابِي This is my book
أَيْنَ قَلَمُكَ؟ Where is your pen
حَقِيبَتُهَا جَدِيدَةٌ Her bag is new

11. Present Tense Verbs

he writes — يَكْتُبُ

he reads — يَقْرَأُ

he plays — يَلْعَبُ

he eats — يَأْكُلُ

Sentences

The boy reads the الْقُرْآنَ
.Quran

The girl plays with الدُّمِّيَّةِ
.the doll

.I eat apples آكُلُ التُّفَّاحَ

12. Past Tense Verbs

he went — ذَهَبَ

he wrote — كَتَبَ

he sat — جَلَسَ

Sentences

Ahmad went to المَدْرَسَةِ إِلَى أحمد ذهب
.school

The student wrote الدَّرْسَ الطالب كتب
.the lesson

The boy sat on الكُرْسِيِّ الولد جلس
.the chair

13. Future Tense

I will go — سَأَذْهَبُ

we will play — سَنَلْعَبُ

I will — سَوْفَ أَذْرُسُ

study

Sentences

I will read the book غَدًا
.tomorrow

We will visit our جَدَّتِي
.grandmother

14. Negative Sentences

no/not — لَا

did not — مَا

Sentences

.I do not like coffee لَا أُحِبُّ الْقَهْوَةَ

.My brother did not go مَا ذَهَبَ أَخِي

.I am not playing today لَا أَلْعَبُ الْيَوْمَ

15. Commands

sit — اجْلِسْ

read — اقْرَأْ

write — اكتبْ

listen — اَسْمَعْ

Sentences

.Read the story اقْرَأِ الْقِصَّةَ

.Listen to the teacher اَسْمَعْ إِلَى الْمُعَلِّمِ

16. Dual Form

two boys — وَلَدَانِ
two books — كِتَابَانِ
two pens — قَلَمَانِ

Sentences

There are two boys in وَلَدَانِ فِي الْفَضْلِ
.the class

I have two pens عِنْدِي قَلَمَانِ

17. Sound Masculine Plural

Muslims — مُسْلِمُونَ
teachers — مُعَلِّمُونَ
students — طَالِبُونَ

Sentences

The students are الطُّلَّابُ مُجْتَهِدُونَ
.hardworking

The Muslims are الْمُسْلِمُونَ فِي الْمَسْجِدِ
.in the mosque

18. Sound Feminine Plural

Muslim — مُسْلِمَاتٌ

women

female — مُعَلِّمَاتٌ

teachers

female — طَالِبَاتٌ

students

Sentences

The female teachers الْمُعَلِّمَاتُ طَيِّبَاتٌ
.are kind

The female students are الطَّالِبَاتُ ذَكِيَّاتٌ
.smart

19. Broken Plurals

كِتَابٌ → كُتُبٌ
رَجُلٌ → رَجَالٌ
طِفْلٌ → أَطْفَالٌ

Sentences

The children are in **الأَطْفَالُ فِي الْحَدِيقَةِ**
.the garden

The men are in the **الرِّجَالُ فِي الْمَسْجِدِ**
.mosque

20. Connected Sentences

and—وَ
then—ثُمَّ
but—لَكِنْ

Sentences

ذَهَبَ خَالِدٌ إِلَى الْمَدْرَسَةِ ثُمَّ لَعِبَ
.to school then played
أَحِبُّ الحَلِيبَ لَكِنْ لَا أُحِبُّ الْقَهْوَةَ
I like milk but I do not like coffee

21. Time Expressions

اليَوْمَ — today
غَدًا — tomorrow
أَمْسٍ — yesterday
الآنَ — now

Sentences

ذَهَبْتُ إِلَى السُّوقِ أَمْسٍ I went to the
market yesterday
سَأَلَعَبُ غَدًا I will play tomorrow

22. Place Expressions

here—هُنَا

there—هُنَاكَ

near—قَرِيبٌ

far—بَعِيدٌ

Sentences

.The mosque is near الْمَسْجِدُ قَرِيبٌ

.The school is far الْمَدْرَسَةُ بَعِيدَةٌ

23. Relative Pronouns

الَّذِي — who/that
(masculine)

الَّتِي — who/that
(feminine)

Sentences

The boy who is **الْوَلَدُ الَّذِي يَلْعَبُ أَخِي**
playing is my brother

The girl who is **الْبِنْتُ الَّتِي تَقْرَأُ أُخْتِي**
reading is my sister

24. Comparative Words

bigger — أَكْبَرُ
smaller — أَصْغَرُ
faster — أَسْرَعُ

Sentences

The elephant is أَكْبَرُ مِنَ الْقِطِّ
.bigger than the cat

The car is faster أَسْرَعُ مِنَ الدَّرَاجَةِ
.than the bicycle

25. Simple Condition Sentences

إذا — if

Sentences

إذا دَرَسْتَ تَنْجُحُ
If you study, you
.succeed

إذا أَكَلْتَ كَثِيرًا تَمْرَضُ
If you eat too much,
.you get sick

26. Kana and Its Sisters

was — كَانَ
became — أَصْبَحَ

Sentences

The weather was كَانَ الطَّقْسُ جَمِيلًا
.beautiful

The boy became أَصْبَحَ الْوَلَدُ قَوِيًّا
.strong

27. Inna and Its Sisters

indeed—إِنَّ

Sentences

.Indeed Allah is Forgiving إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ
Indeed knowledge is إِنَّ الْعِلْمَ نَافِعٌ
.beneficial

28. Subject and Object

Example

.The boy ate the apple أَكَلَ الْوَلَدُ التُّفَاحَةَ
obje = التُّفَاحَةُ subject = الْوَلَدُ

More examples

The child drank the شَرَبَ الطِّفْلُ الحَلِيبَ
.milk

.Ahmad read the book قَرَأَ أَحْمَدُ الْكِتَابَ

29. Verbal Sentences

A sentence that starts with a verb.

Examples

Muhammad went ذَهَبَ مُحَمَّدٌ إِلَى الْمَسْجِدِ
.to the mosque

The child is playing يَلْعَبُ الطِّفْلُ بِالْكُرَةِ
.with the ball

30. Quranic and Islamic Expressions

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the name of Allah, the Most Merciful,
.the Especially Merciful

.All praise is for Allah الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ

May Allah reward you with جَزَاكَ اللَّهُ خَيْرًا
.goodness

.If Allah wills إِنْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ

Dear Student,

You have now finished an important journey of learning
. Arabic Grammar

Arabic is a beautiful language. It is the language of the
Qur'an, the language of our beloved prophet Muhammed
SAW, and the language spoken by millions of people
.around the world

Do not worry if you still make mistakes. Every great
learner starts with small steps. Keep practicing, reading
listening, and speaking every day. Even one new word or
.one new sentence each day is a wonderful achievement

:Remember

الْعِلْمُ نُورٌ

“.Knowledge is light“

:Keep using your Arabic

Read simple stories

Speak with your teacher and friends

Listen to Arabic often

Practice writing sentences

Read Qur'an with understanding

.Most importantly, enjoy learning

May Allah increase you in knowledge, wisdom, and
.goodness

جَزَاكَ اللَّهُ خَيْرًا

.May Allah reward you with goodness

— The End —